

# ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

as per ISO 14025 and EN 15804



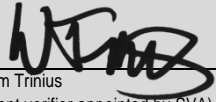
Owner of the Declaration	SARGENT Manufacturing, an ASSA ABLOY Group company
Programme holder	Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU)
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Declaration number	EPD-ASA-20150128-IBA1-EN
Issue date	18.05.2015
Valid to	17.05.2020

**IN120 WiFi Electronic Access Control Mortise Lock**  
**SARGENT Manufacturing,**  
**an ASSA ABLOY Group company**

[www.bau-umwelt.com](http://www.bau-umwelt.com) / <https://epd-online.com>



### 1. General Information

<p><b>SARGENT Manufacturing Company</b></p> <hr/> <p><b>Programme holder</b>          IBU - Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.          Panoramastr. 1          D-10178 Berlin</p> <hr/> <p><b>Declaration number</b>          EPD-ASA-20150128-IBA1-EN</p> <hr/> <p><b>This Declaration is based on the Product Category Rules:</b>          Locks and fittings , 07-2014          (PCR tested and approved by the independent expert committee (SVA))</p> <hr/> <p><b>Issue date</b>          18.05.2015</p> <hr/> <p><b>Valid to</b>          17.05.2020</p> <p></p> <hr/> <p>Prof. Dr.-Ing. Horst J. Bossenmayer          (President of Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.)</p> <p></p> <hr/> <p>Dr.-Ing. Burkhard Lehmann          (Managing Director IBU)</p>	<p><b>IN120 Electronic Access Control WiFi Mortise Lock</b></p> <hr/> <p><b>Owner of the Declaration</b>          SARGENT Manufacturing Company          100 Sargent Drive,          New Haven, CT 06511 USA</p> <hr/> <p><b>Declared product / Declared unit</b>          The declaration represents 1 mortise lock of the following types:          - IN120 WiFi Mortise lock          inclusive of lock body, credential reader, communication module, latches, levers, roses, strikes and all mounting hardware.</p> <hr/> <p><b>Scope:</b>          This EPD is based on the full lifecycle of 1 SARGENT IN120 Electromechanical Wifi Mortise Lock. Data was collected from the lock case manufacturer in New Haven, Connecticut (US). The owner of the declaration shall be liable for the underlying information and evidence; the IBU shall not be liable with respect to manufacturer information, life cycle assessment data and evidences.</p> <hr/> <p><b>Verification</b></p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td colspan="2">The CEN Norm EN 15804 serves as the core PCR</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">Independent verification of the declaration and data according to ISO 14025</td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> internally</td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> externally</td> </tr> </table> <hr/> <p></p> <hr/> <p>Dr. Wolfram Trinius          (Independent verifier appointed by SVA)</p>	The CEN Norm EN 15804 serves as the core PCR		Independent verification of the declaration and data according to ISO 14025		<input type="checkbox"/> internally	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> externally
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Independent verification of the declaration and data according to ISO 14025							
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### 2. Product

#### 2.1 Product description

The SARGENT IN120 WiFi mortise lock, is an ANSI/BHMA A156.13 Series 1000 Grade 1 mechanical mortise lock. It has a reversible stainless steel latch, independent non-handed stainless steel deadlatch.

The IN120 is an intelligent Wifi Access control mortise lock with integrated credential reader.

- ANSI/BHMA A156.13 Series 1000 Grade 1 Certified
- Meets A117.1 Accessibility Code

#### 2.2 Application

The locks are designed for single or double leaf doors with mullions. The locks are typically installed in commercial buildings, such as

- Commercial campuses
- Colleges
- Detention centers
- Dormitories
- Hospitals

- Warehouses
- Psychiatric wards

#### 2.3 Technical Data

The table presents the technical properties of Sargent IN120 WiFi mortise lock:

Item	Value
Backset	2-3/4" (70mm)
Door Thickness	1-3/4" (44mm) thick standard
Bevel	Front adjustable at any angle from flat to bevelled 1/8" (3mm) in 2" (51mm)
Door prep	ANSI/BHMA A156.115 or A156.115W modified per template
Handing	field reversible
Keying	Can be masterkeyed or grand masterkeyed.
Power Consumption	Battery Powered

### 2.4 Placing on the market / Application rules

The products are subject to UL marking. Relevant norms are: ANSI/BHMA A156.13 American Standard for Mortise locks.

### 2.5 Delivery status

Delivered as a complete unit, inclusive of lockbody, trim, strike and fasteners or as separate lock case. Delivered in a box size 19.5" x 11.75" x 5" (495 x 298 x 127 mm).

### 2.6 Base materials / Ancillary materials

The average composition of the SARGENT IN120 is as following:

Component	Percentage in mass (%)
Brass	24.7
Zinc	0.8
Steel	50.8
Stainless steel	8.1
Electronics	3.6
Electro mechanics	2.2
Plastic	4.7
Other	5.1
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.0</b>

### 2.7 Manufacture

Products are manufactured and assembled in the United States and are supported by tier-1 supplier in Mexico. Electronics are produced in Asia. The components come from processes such as stamped steel, zinc and steel casting.

### 2.8 Environment and health during manufacturing

ASSA ABLOY is committed to integrating our sustainability efforts across the organization. Our priorities are to: reduce resource and energy consumption; reduce carbon emissions; improve water and waste management; improve health and safety performance in operations; improve sustainability performance within our supply chain and enhance the sustainability performance in ASSA ABLOY's supply of door opening solutions. Inspections, audits, and reviews are conducted periodically to ensure that applicable standards are met and environmental management systems are evaluated.

Our Code of Conduct covers business ethics, workers' rights, human rights, environment and health & safety, consumer interests and community outreach. It provides the framework for ASSA ABLOY's daily operations.

- Manufacturing is in the process of certification of both ISO 9001:2008 and ISO 14001:2004, expected certification date 1/2015
- Any waste metals during machining are separated and recycled. The waste water is delivered to waste treatment plant.

### 2.9 Product processing/Installation

SARGENT Locks are distributed through, and installed by trained technicians, such as locksmiths or security technicians. Preparation of doors and frames are conducted at the door manufacturer's production site.

### 2.10 Packaging

All packaging is fully recyclable. The packaging material is composed by cardboard (app. 70%) and plastic foil (app. 30%).

Material	Value (%)
Cardboard/paper	99.6
Plastic	0.4
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.0</b>

### 2.11 Condition of use

Locks require no maintenance.

### 2.12 Environment and health during use

There is no harmful emissive potential. No damage to health or impairment is expected under normal use corresponding to the intended use of the product.

### 2.13 Reference service life

The reference service life of 30 years is based on a typical installation of a SARGENT IN120 lock as a security lock operated when the facilities are to be closed or opened. If operations per day exceeds that typical wear the locks are exposed to the life time is limited to 1,000,000 cycles in accordance with ANSI/BHMA A156.13.

Influences on ageing when applied in accordance with the rules of technology.

### 2.14 Extraordinary effects

#### Fire

Suitable for use in fire and smoke doors (listed by Underwriters Laboratories).

#### Water

Contain no substances that have any impact on water in case of flood.

#### Mechanical destruction

No danger to the environment can be anticipated during mechanical destruction.

### 2.15 Re-use phase

The product is possible to re-use during the reference service life and be moved from one door to another. The lock can either be sent back to SARGENT for recycling or to a professional recycling service provider. The majority, by weight, of components are steel, brass, stainless steel and zinc, which can be recycled. The plastic components can be used for energy recovery in an incineration process.

### 2.16 Disposal

The product can be mechanically dissembled to separate the different materials. 96.2% of the materials used are recyclable. The rest is disposed as a construction waste for landfill.

### 2.17 Further information

SARGENT Manufacturing Company  
100 Sargent Drive,  
New Haven, CT 06511 USA  
Tel 800-727-5477  
www.sargentlock.com

**3. LCA: Calculation rules****3.1 Declared Unit**

The declaration refers to the functional unit of 1 piece of SARGENT IN120 lock as specified in Part B requirements on the EPD for Doors, windows, shutters, and related products /IBU PCR Part B/.

**Declared unit**

Name	Value	Unit
Declared unit	1	piece of motor lock
Mass (without packaging)	3.12	kg
Conversion factor to 1 kg	0.321	

**3.2 System boundary**

Type of the EPD: cradle to gate - with Options.  
The following life cycle phases were considered for Motor Lock:

A1-A3 Production stage:

- A1 – Raw material extraction and processing
- A2 – Transport to the manufacturer and
- A3 – Manufacturing

A4-A5 Construction stage:

- A4 - Transport from the gate to the site
- A5 – Packaging waste processing

The use stage:

- B2 - Maintenance (greasing of the locks)

End-of-life stage:

- C2 – Transport to waste processing,
- C3 – Waste processing for recycling and
- C4 – Disposal (landfill).

These information modules include provision and transport of all materials, products, as well as energy and water provisions, waste processing up to the end-of-waste state or disposal of final residues.

Module D:

- Declaration of all benefits or recycling potential from EoL and A5

**3.3 Estimates and assumptions**

EoL:

In the End-of-Life phase, for all the materials which can be recycled, a recycling scenario with 100% collection rate was assumed.

**3.4 Cut-off criteria**

In the assessment, all available data from the production process are considered, i.e. all raw materials used, auxiliary materials (e.g. lubricants), thermal energy consumption and electric power consumption - including material and energy flows contributing less than 1% of mass or energy (if available). In case a specific flow contributing less than 1% in mass or energy is not available, worst case assumption proxies are selected to represent the respective environmental impacts.

Impacts relating to the production of machines and facilities required during production are out of the scope of this assessment.

**3.5 Background data**

For life cycle modeling of the considered products, the GaBi 6 Software System for Life Cycle Engineering, developed by PE INTERNATIONAL AG, is used /GaBi 6 2013/. The GaBi-database contains consistent and documented datasets which are documented in the online GaBi-documentation /GaBi 6 2013D/.

To ensure comparability of results in the LCA, the basic data of GaBi database were used for energy, transportation and auxiliary materials.

**3.6 Data quality**

The requirements for data quality and background data correspond to the specifications of the /IBU PCR PART A/.

PE INTERNATIONAL performed a variety of tests and checks during the entire project to ensure high quality of the completed project. This obviously includes an extensive review of project-specific LCA models as well as the background data used.

The technological background of the collected data reflects the physical reality of the declared products. The datasets are complete and conform to the system boundaries and the criteria for the exclusion of inputs and outputs.

All relevant background datasets are taken from the GaBi 6 software database. The last revision of the used background data has taken place not longer than 10 years ago.

**3.7 Period under review**

The period under review is 2013/14 (12 month average).

**3.8 Allocation**

Regarding incineration, the software model for the WIP is adapted according to the material composition and heating value of the combusted material. Following specific life cycle inventories for the WIP are considered:

- Waste incineration of plastic
- Waste incineration of paper
- Waste incineration of electronic scrap

Regarding the recycling material of metals, the metal parts in the EoL are declared as end-of-waste status. Thus, these materials are considered in module D. Specific information on allocation within the background data is given in the GaBi dataset documentation.

**3.9 Comparability**

Basically, a comparison or an evaluation of EPD data is only possible if all the data sets to be compared were created according to EN 15804 and the building context, respectively the product-specific characteristics of performance, are taken into account.

**4. LCA: Scenarios and additional technical information****Installation into the building (A5)**

Name	Value	Unit
Output substances following waste treatment on site (Paper packaging)	1.04	kg
Output substances following waste treatment on site (Paper packaging)	0.004	kg

**Maintenance (B2)**

Name	Value	Unit
Other resources – detergents	0.1	kg/a
Water	1	kg/a

**Reference service life**

Name	Value	Unit
Reference service life	30	a

**End of life (C1-C4)**

Name	Value	Unit
Collected separately Brass, zinc, steel, stainless steel, electronics, electro mechanics, plastic	3.46	kg
Collected as mixed construction waste – construction waste for landfilling	0.18	kg
Reuse Plastic	0.16	kg
Recycling Brass, zinc, steel, stainless steel, electronics, electro mechanics	3.30	kg
Landfilling - Construction waste for landfilling	0.18	kg

**Reuse, recovery and/or recycling potentials (D), relevant scenario information**

Name	Value	Unit
Collected separately waste type (including packaging)	4.51	kg
Recycling Brass	19.0	%
Recycling Zinc	0.6	%
Recycling Steel	39.0	%
Recycling Stainless steel	6.2	%
Recycling Electronics	2.8	%
Recycling Electro mechanics	1.7	%
Reuse Plastic	3.6	%
Reuse Paper packaging (from A5)	23.2	%
Reuse Plastic packaging (from A5)	0.1	%
Loss Construction waste for landfilling (no recycling potential)	3.8	%

**5. LCA: Results**

Results shown below were calculated using CML 2000 – Apr. 2013 Methodology.

**DESCRIPTION OF THE SYSTEM BOUNDARY (X = INCLUDED IN LCA; MND = MODULE NOT DECLARED)**

PRODUCT STAGE		CONSTRUCTION PROCESS STAGE			USE STAGE								END OF LIFE STAGE				BENEFITS AND LOADS BEYOND THE SYSTEM BOUNDARIES
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport from the gate to the site	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement <sup>1)</sup>	Refurbishment <sup>1)</sup>	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-Recovery-Recycling-potential	
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D	
X	X	X	X	X	MND	X	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	X	X	X	X	

**RESULTS OF THE LCA - ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT: One piece of IN120 WiFi Mortise lock**

Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1 - A3	A4	A5	B2	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP	Global warming potential	[kg CO <sub>2</sub> -Eq.]	3.38E+01	1.31E-01	1.49E+00	-2.06E+00	1.09E-01	2.71E-02	5.58E-01	-5.80E+00
ODP	Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer	[kg CFC11-Eq.]	6.85E-09	2.00E-12	6.80E-12	6.81E-11	1.90E-12	1.85E-11	1.53E-12	-4.80E-10
AP	Acidification potential of land and water	[kg SO <sub>2</sub> -Eq.]	2.29E-01	5.99E-04	3.40E-04	4.83E-02	5.01E-04	1.28E-04	1.59E-04	-5.26E-02
EP	Eutrophication potential	[kg (PO <sub>4</sub> ) <sup>3-</sup> -Eq.]	1.82E-02	1.35E-04	5.91E-05	2.88E-02	1.13E-04	7.19E-06	1.77E-05	-3.16E-03
POCP	Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants	[kg Ethen Eq.]	1.48E-02	-1.89E-04	2.41E-05	9.53E-04	-1.58E-04	7.59E-06	8.85E-06	-2.83E-03
ADPE	Abiotic depletion potential for non fossil resources	[kg Sb Eq.]	5.74E-03	5.15E-09	2.74E-08	1.00E-06	4.34E-09	3.75E-09	6.00E-08	-4.14E-03
ADPF	Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources	[MJ]	4.30E+02	1.81E+00	4.19E-01	5.91E+01	1.51E+00	3.07E-01	2.70E-01	-6.49E+01

**RESULTS OF THE LCA - RESOURCE USE: One piece of IN120 WiFi Mortise lock**

Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1 - A3	A4	A5	B2	C2	C3	C4	D
PERE	Renewable primary energy as energy carrier	[MJ]	6.12E+01	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PERM	Renewable primary energy resources as material utilization	[MJ]	0.00E+00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PERT	Total use of renewable primary energy resources	[MJ]	6.12E+01	7.00E-02	3.90E-02	1.18E+02	5.83E-02	8.80E-02	2.43E-02	-4.94E+00
PENRE	Non renewable primary energy as energy carrier	[MJ]	4.88E+02	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PENRM	Non renewable primary energy as material utilization	[MJ]	0.00E+00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PENRT	Total use of non renewable primary energy resources	[MJ]	4.88E+02	1.78E+00	4.91E-01	6.26E+01	1.48E+00	4.82E-01	3.05E-01	-7.15E+01
SM	Use of secondary material	[kg]	4.51E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
RSF	Use of renewable secondary fuels	[MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
NRSF	Use of non renewable secondary fuels	[MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
FW	Use of net fresh water	[m <sup>3</sup> ]	2.17E-01	4.94E-05	4.33E-03	6.30E-02	4.11E-05	2.17E-04	1.54E-03	-4.01E-02

**RESULTS OF THE LCA – OUTPUT FLOWS AND WASTE CATEGORIES: One piece of IN120 WiFi Mortise lock**

Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1 - A3	A4	A5	B2	C2	C3	C4	D
HWD	Hazardous waste disposed	[kg]	2.33E-02	4.06E-06	3.38E-05	3.67E-03	3.38E-06	6.67E-05	3.05E-05	-3.30E-03
NHWD	Non hazardous waste disposed	[kg]	1.08E+00	2.24E-04	3.82E-02	4.37E-01	1.87E-04	1.56E-04	8.91E-02	5.26E-02
RWD	Radioactive waste disposed	[kg]	2.25E-02	2.33E-06	2.86E-05	1.40E-03	1.94E-06	6.94E-05	1.41E-05	-2.59E-03
CRU	Components for re-use	[kg]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	-
MFR	Materials for recycling	[kg]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.04E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.93E+00	0.00E+00	-
MER	Materials for energy recovery	[kg]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	-
EEE	Exported electrical energy	[MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.89E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	7.85E-01	-
EET	Exported thermal energy	[MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	5.34E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.15E+00	-

## 6. LCA: Interpretation

This chapter contains an interpretation of the Life Cycle Impact Assessment categories. Stated percentages in the whole interpretation are related to the overall life cycle, excluding credits (module D).

The production phase (modules A1-A3) contributes between 81% and 99% to the overall results for all the environmental impact assessment categories hereby considered, except for the eutrophication potential (EP). For EP, the contribution from the production phase accounts for app. 38%.

Within the production phase, the main contribution for all the impact categories is the production of steel, with app. 94%, mainly due to the energy consumption on this process. Steel accounts with app. 51% to the overall mass of the product, therefore, the impacts are in line with the mass composition of the product. The

environmental impacts for the transport (A2) have a negligible impact within this stage.

Relatively high impact on EP (%60) during the maintenance phase (module B2) is a result of generated waste water during maintenance of the product. Eutrophication is the enrichment of nutrients in a certain place and it can be aquatic or terrestrial. Waste water contributes to eutrophication therefore, as expected, it is mainly related with the maintenance of the product (B2).

In the end-of-life phase, there are loads and benefits (module D, negative values) considered. The benefits are considered beyond the system boundaries and are declared for the recycling potential of the metals and for the credits from the incineration process (energy substitution).

## 7. Requisite evidence

Not applicable in this EPD.

## 8. References

### Institut Bauen und Umwelt

Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V., Berlin (pub.):  
Generation of Environmental Product Declarations (EPDs);

### General principles

for the EPD range of Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU), 2013-04  
[www.bau-umwelt.de](http://www.bau-umwelt.de)

### IBU PCR Part A

IBU PCR Part A: Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V., Berlin (pub.): Product Category Rules for Construction Products from the range of Environmental Product Declarations of Institut Bauen und Umwelt (IBU), Part A: Calculation Rules for the Life Cycle Assessment and Requirements on the Background Report. April 2013  
[www.bau-umwelt.de](http://www.bau-umwelt.de)

### IBU PCR Part B

IBU PCR Part B: PCR Guidance-Texts for Building-Related Products and Services. From the range of Environmental Product Declarations of Institute Construction and Environment e.V. (IBU). Part B: Requirements on the EPD for Locks and fittings.  
[www.bau-umwelt.com](http://www.bau-umwelt.com)

### ISO 9001:2008

ISO 9001:2008: Quality management systems - Requirements (ISO 9001:2008).

### ISO 14001

ISO 14001: Environmental management systems - Requirements with guidance for use (ISO 14001:2004 + Cor. 1:2009)

### ISO 14025

ISO 14025:2011-10: Environmental labels and declarations — Type III environmental declarations — Principles and procedures

### EN 15804

EN 15804: 2012+A1:2014: Sustainability of construction works — Environmental Product Declarations — Core rules for the product category of construction products

### GaBi 6 2013

GaBi 6 2013: Software-System and Database for Life Cycle Engineering. Copyright, TM. Stuttgart, Leinfelden-Echterdingen, 1992-2013.

### GaBi 6 2013D

GaBi 6 2013D: Documentation of GaBi 6: Software-System and Database for Life Cycle Engineering. Copyright, TM. Stuttgart, Leinfelden-Echterdingen, 1992-2013. <http://documentation.gabi-software.com/>

### IEEE 802.11

IEEE 802.11 Wireless LAN

### ISO/IEC 14443

ISO/IEC 14443: Identification cards - Contactless integrated circuit cards - Proximity cards

### ISO/IEC 15693

ISO/IEC 15693: Identification cards - Contactless integrated circuit cards - Vicinity cards

### UL and ULc Standards

ULC Standards develops and publishes standards and specifications for products having a bearing on fire, life safety and security, crime prevention, energy efficiency, environmental safety, security of assets and facilities, live working and workplace safety and other areas. ULC Standards is accredited by the Standards Council of Canada as a consensus based Standards Development Organization under the National Standards System of Canada.

**9. Annex**

Results shown below were calculated using TRACI Methodology.

**DESCRIPTION OF THE SYSTEM BOUNDARY (X = INCLUDED IN LCA; MND = MODULE NOT DECLARED)**

PRODUCT STAGE			CONSTRUCTION PROCESS STAGE		USE STAGE								END OF LIFE STAGE				BENEFITS AND LOADS BEYOND THE SYSTEM BOUNDARIES
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport from the gate to the site	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement <sup>(1)</sup>	Refurbishment <sup>(1)</sup>	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-Recovery-Recycling-potential	
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D	
X	X	X	X	X	MND	X	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	X	X	X	X	

**RESULTS OF THE LCA - ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT: One piece of IN120 WiFi Mortise lock**

Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1 - A3	A4	A5	B2	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP	Global warming potential	[kg CO <sub>2</sub> -Eq.]	3.38E+01	1.29E-01	1.49E+00	2.06E+00	1.07E-01	2.71E-02	5.58E-01	5.80E+00
ODP	Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer	[kg CFC11-Eq.]	7.42E-09	6.55E-13	7.23E-12	7.23E-11	5.46E-13	1.97E-11	1.62E-12	6.18E-10
AP	Acidification potential of land and water	[kg SO <sub>2</sub> -Eq.]	2.28E-01	7.69E-04	4.12E-04	5.67E-02	6.41E-04	1.21E-04	1.90E-04	5.05E-02
EP	Eutrophication potential	[kg N-eq.]	1.42E-02	5.44E-05	2.37E-05	4.48E-02	4.53E-05	5.14E-06	8.23E-06	1.42E-03
Smog	Ground-level smog formation potential	[kg O <sub>3</sub> -eq.]	2.98E+00	1.58E-02	9.57E-03	2.40E-01	1.32E-02	1.09E-03	2.55E-03	5.66E-01
	Resources	[MJ]	3.47E+01	2.55E-01	4.91E-02	7.67E+00	2.13E-01	2.19E-02	2.72E-02	4.24E+00

**RESULTS OF THE LCA - RESOURCE USE: One piece of IN120 WiFi Mortise lock**

Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1 - A3	A4	A5	B2	C2	C3	C4	D
PERE	Renewable primary energy as energy carrier	[MJ]	6.12E+01	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PERM	Renewable primary energy resources as material utilization	[MJ]	0.00E+00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PERT	Total use of renewable primary energy resources	[MJ]	6.12E+01	7.00E-02	3.90E-02	1.18E+02	5.83E-02	8.80E-02	2.43E-02	-4.94E+00
PENRE	Non renewable primary energy as energy carrier	[MJ]	4.88E+02	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PENRM	Non renewable primary energy as material utilization	[MJ]	0.00E+00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PENRT	Total use of non renewable primary energy resources	[MJ]	4.88E+02	1.78E+00	4.91E-01	6.26E+01	1.48E+00	4.82E-01	3.05E-01	-7.15E+01
SM	Use of secondary material	[kg]	4.51E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
RSF	Use of renewable secondary fuels	[MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
NRSF	Use of non renewable secondary fuels	[MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
FW	Use of net fresh water	[m <sup>3</sup> ]	2.17E-01	4.94E-05	4.33E-03	6.30E-02	4.11E-05	2.17E-04	1.54E-03	-4.01E-02

**RESULTS OF THE LCA – OUTPUT FLOWS AND WASTE CATEGORIES: One piece of IN120 WiFi Mortise lock**

Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1 - A3	A4	A5	B2	C2	C3	C4	D
HWD	Hazardous waste disposed	[kg]	2.33E-02	4.06E-06	3.38E-05	3.67E-03	3.38E-06	6.67E-05	3.05E-05	-3.30E-03
NHWD	Non hazardous waste disposed	[kg]	1.08E+00	2.24E-04	3.82E-02	4.37E-01	1.87E-04	1.56E-04	8.91E-02	5.26E-02
RWD	Radioactive waste disposed	[kg]	2.25E-02	2.33E-06	2.86E-05	1.40E-03	1.94E-06	6.94E-05	1.41E-05	-2.59E-03
CRU	Components for re-use	[kg]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	-
MFR	Materials for recycling	[kg]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.04E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.93E+00	0.00E+00	-
MER	Materials for energy recovery	[kg]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	-
EEE	Exported electrical energy	[MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.89E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	7.85E-01	-
EET	Exported thermal energy	[MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	5.34E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.15E+00	-



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