

ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

as per ISO 14025 and EN 15804


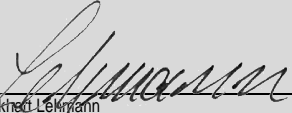

Owner of the Declaration	Corbin Russwin - an ASSA ABLOY Group company
Programme holder	Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU)
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Valid to	17.05.2020

ED5000 Series Mechanical Exit Device
Corbin Russwin,
an ASSA ABLOY Group company

www.bau-umwelt.com / <https://epd-online.com>



1. General Information

<p>Corbin Russwin</p> <hr/> <p>Programme holder IBU - Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. Panoramastr. 1 10178 Berlin Germany</p> <hr/> <p>Declaration number EPD-ASA-20150129-IBA1-EN</p> <hr/> <p>This Declaration is based on the Product Category Rules: Locks and fittings , 07.2014 (PCR tested and approved by the independent expert committee)</p> <hr/> <p>Issue date 18.05.2015</p> <hr/> <p>Valid to 17.05.2020</p> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 20px;">  </div> <hr/> <p style="font-size: small;">Prof. Dr.-Ing. Horst J. Bossenmayer (President of Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.)</p> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 20px;">  </div> <hr/> <p style="font-size: small;">Dr.-Ing. Burkhard Leimann (Managing Director IBU)</p>	<p>ED5000 Series Mechanical Exit Device</p> <hr/> <p>Owner of the Declaration Corbin Russwin 225 Episcopal Rd Berlin, CT 06037 USA</p> <hr/> <p>Declared product / Declared unit The declaration represents 1 mechanical panic exit device – ED5000 series mechanical consisting of the following items: rim exit device and lever trim</p> <hr/> <p>Scope: This EPD is based on the full lifecycle of 1 Corbin Russwin ED5000 series mechanical rim panic device. Data was collected from the exit device manufacturer in Berlin, Connecticut (US). The owner of the declaration shall be liable for the underlying information and evidence; the IBU shall not be liable with respect to manufacturer information, life cycle assessment data and evidences.</p> <hr/> <p>Verification</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;"> The CEN Standard EN 15804 serves as the core PCR </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;"> Independent verification of the declaration according to ISO 14025 </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <input type="checkbox"/> internally <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> externally </div> <hr/> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 20px;">  </div> <hr/> <p style="font-size: small;">Dr. Wolfram Trinius (Independent verifier appointed by SVA)</p>
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2. Product

2.1 Product description

Product name: ED5000 Series Mechanical Exit Device

Product characteristic: mechanical panic exit device

A slight individual or collective push on the activating bar, which is perpendicular to the door, triggers the opening of the Emergency Exit, in any circumstances. Corbin Russwin ED5000 series exits are available in multiple locking arrangements including Rim, Mortise Surface Vertical Rod, and Concealed Vertical rod in both panic and fire rated versions. The ED5000 rim device is available in 3 standard lengths, with multiple mechanical and electrified options for both exit and trim.

2.2 Application

In compliance with security regulations against fire in public places (art. C045) designed to equip:

- Emergency exit doors
- Frequently used communicating doors

- Types of doors
- Metal or wooden doors
- Metal, aluminum or PVC framed doors with a narrow stile
- Single or double leaf doors (separate or with rebated edge)
- Designed for all types of public, particularly children, the elderly and the disabled.

2.3 Technical Data

The table presents the technical properties of ED5000 Series Mechanical Exit Device:

Technical data

Item	Value
Door types	Door Types Wood or metal 1-3/4" (44 mm) minimum thickness standard. Doors thickness 1-3/4" to 2-1/4" optional
Rail size	Rails are available in 3 sizes, from the factory and can be cut to fit on

Item	Value
	installation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Standard 36" (914 mm) bar fits 30" – 36" (762 mm – 914 mm) door • Optional: 24" (610 mm) bar fits 24" (610 mm) door • Optional: 48" (1219 mm) bar fits 36" – 48" (914 mm – 1219 mm) door
Door stile	Minimum width 4-1/2" (114 mm)
Projection	Pushbar Neutral – 3-1/4" (83 mm) Pushbar Depressed – 2-3/4" (70 mm)
Device centerline from finished floor	Device Centerline from 41" (1041 mm). For Standard Applications Finished Floor

2.4 Placing on the market / Application rules

The products are subject to UL marking. Relevant norms are:
ANSI/BHMA A156.3 American Standard for Exit Devices

2.5 Delivery status

Exit device delivered as a complete unit, inclusive of exit device, strike and fasteners. Delivered in a box size 40" x 10.25" x 6" (1016 x 260 x 152mm). Exit trim is packaged separately, delivered in a box size 18" x 11.25" x 5" (457x 286 x 127mm).

2.6 Base materials / Ancillary materials

The average composition for ED5000 Series Mechanical Exit Device is as following:

Component	Percentage in mass (%)
Aluminum	11.38
Plastics	1.04
Stainless Steel	38.63
Steel	45.0
Zinc	3.78
Others	0.17
Total	100.0

2.7 Manufacture

Products are manufactured and assembled in the United States and are supported by tier-1 supplier in Mexico. The components come from processes such as stamped steel, zinc and steel casting.

2.8 Environment and health during manufacturing

ASSA ABLOY is committed to integrating our sustainability efforts across the organization. Our priorities are to: reduce resource and energy consumption; reduce carbon emissions; improve water and waste management; improve health and safety performance in operations; improve sustainability performance within our supply chain and enhance the sustainability performance in ASSA ABLOY's supply of door opening solutions. Inspections, audits, and reviews are conducted periodically to ensure that applicable standards are met and environmental management systems are evaluated. Our Code of Conduct covers business ethics, workers' rights, human rights, environment and health & safety,

consumer interests and community outreach. It provides the framework for ASSA ABLOY's daily operations.

- The Berlin facility complies the requirements of the Code of Federal Requirements (CFR) 29 part 1910 General Industry and are under the oversight of the United States Department of Labor and the Occupational Safety and Health Administration.
- The Berlin facility is currently certified to ISO 9001-2008. Upgrading to 9001-2014 in 2015. Lab Certification audit to ISO 17025 in Dec 2014. Working towards ISO 14000 with current goal of 1st quarter 2015.
- Any waste metals (chips) during machining are separated and recycled.
- Waste cleaners and rinses are processed internally in our Waste Water Treatment facility.
- Waste solids are packaged and shipped offsite for treatment by a CT DEEP approved waste handler.

2.9 Product processing/Installation

Corbin Russwin exit devices and trim are distributed through, and installed by trained technicians, such as locksmiths or security technicians. Preparation of doors and frames are conducted at the door manufacturer's production site.

2.10 Packaging

ED5000 mechanical panic exit devices are packed in a cardboard box with corrugated carton inlays. The packaging is fully recyclable.

Material	Value (%)
Cardboard/paper	99.89
Plastics	0.11
Total	100.0

2.11 Condition of use

Exit device requires no maintenance.

2.12 Environment and health during use

There is no harmful emissive potential. No damage to health or impairment is expected under normal use corresponding to the intended use of the product.

2.13 Reference service life

The reference service life of 30 years is based on a typical installation of a Corbin Russwin ED5000 Exit Device, operated when the facilities are to be closed or opened. If operations per day exceeds that typical wear the locks are exposed to the life time is limited to 500,000 cycles in accordance with ANSI/BHMA A156.3. Influences on ageing when applied in accordance with the rules of technology.

2.14 Extraordinary effects

Fire

Suitable for use in fire and smoke doors (listed by Underwriters Laboratories)

Water

Contain no substances that have any impact on water in case of flood. Electric operation of the device will be influenced negative.

Mechanical destruction

No danger to the environment can be anticipated during mechanical destruction.

2.15 Re-use phase

The product is possible to re-use during the reference service life and be moved to one door to another. The majority, of components is aluminum, steel, stainless steel and zinc which can be recycled. The exit device can be mechanically dissembled to separate the different materials. The plastic components can be used for energy recovery in an incineration plant.

2.16 Disposal

No disposal is foreseen for the Mechanical Exit Device nor for the corresponding packaging.

2.17 Further information

Corbin Russwin
225 Episcopal Rd
Berlin, CT 06037 USA
Tel 800-543-3568
www.corbinrusswin.com

3. LCA: Calculation rules

3.1 Declared Unit

The declaration refers to the functional unit of 1 piece of Corbin Russwin ED5000 series mechanical rim panic device as specified in Part B requirements on the EPD for PCR Locks and fittings: (mechanical & electromechanical locks & fittings).

Declared unit

Name	Value	Unit
Declared unit	116.299 kg	1 piece of mechanical panic exit device
Conversion factor to 1 kg	0.0086	-

3.2 System boundary

Type of the EPD: cradle to gate - with Options
The following life cycle phases were considered:

Production stage:

- A1 – Raw material extraction and processing
- A2 – Transport to the manufacturer and
- A3 – Manufacturing

Construction stage:

- A4 – Transport from the gate to the site
- A5 – Packaging waste processing

The use stage:

- B2 - Maintenance (cleaning of the exit device)

End-of-life stage:

- C2 – Transport to waste processing
- C4 – Disposal (landfill)

This includes provision of all materials, products and energy, packaging processing and its transport, as well as waste processing up to the end-of waste state or disposal of final residues.

- D - Declaration of all benefits or recycling potential from EOL and A5.

3.3 Estimates and assumptions

EoL:

In the End-of-Life phase, for all the materials which can be recycled, a recycling scenario with 100% collection rate was assumed

3.4 Cut-off criteria

In the assessment, all available data from the production process are considered, i.e. all raw materials used, auxiliary materials (e.g. lubricants), thermal energy consumption and electric power consumption - including material and energy flows contributing less than 1% of mass or energy (if available). In case a specific flow contributing less than 1% in mass or energy is not available, worst case assumption proxies are selected to represent the respective environmental impacts.

Impacts relating to the production of machines and facilities required during production are out of the scope of this assessment.

3.5 Background data

For life cycle modeling of the considered products, the GaBi 6 Software System for Life Cycle Engineering, developed by PE INTERNATIONAL AG, is used /GaBi 6 2013/. The GaBi-database contains consistent and documented datasets which are documented in the online GaBi-documentation /GaBi 6 2013D/.

To ensure comparability of results in the LCA, the basic data of GaBi database were used for energy, transportation and auxiliary materials.

3.6 Data quality

The requirements for data quality and background data correspond to the specifications of the /IBU PCR PART A/.

PE INTERNATIONAL performed a variety of tests and checks during the entire project to ensure high quality of the completed project. This obviously includes an extensive review of project-specific LCA models as well as the background data used.

The technological background of the collected data reflects the physical reality of the declared products. The datasets are complete and conform to the system boundaries and the criteria for the exclusion of inputs and outputs.

All relevant background datasets are taken from the GaBi 6 software database. The last revision of the used background data has taken place not longer than 10 years ago.

3.7 Period under review

The period under review is 2013/14 (12 month average).

3.8 Allocation

Regarding incineration, the software model for the waste incineration plant (WIP) is adapted according to the material composition and heating value of the combusted material. In this EPD, the following specific life cycle inventories for the WIP are considered for:

- Waste incineration of plastic
- Waste incineration of paper

Regarding the recycling material of metals, the metal parts in the EoL are declared as end-of-waste status.

Thus, these materials are considered in module D. Specific information on allocation within the background data is given in the GaBi dataset documentation.

3.9 Comparability

Basically, a comparison or an evaluation of EPD data is only possible if all the data sets to be compared were created according to /EN 15804/ and the building context, respectively the product-specific characteristics of performance, are taken into account.

4. LCA: Scenarios and additional technical information

The following technical information is a basis for the declared modules or can be used for developing specific scenarios in the context of a building assessment if modules are not declared (MND).

Installation into the building (A5)

Name	Value	Unit
Output substances following waste treatment on site (Paper packaging)	21.15	kg
Output substances following waste treatment on site (Plastics packaging)	0.0234	kg

Maintenance (B2)

Name	Value	Unit
Other resources – detergents	0.1	kg/a
Water for cleaning	0.1	kg/a

Reference service life

Name	Value	Unit
Reference service life	30	a

End of life (C1-C4)

Name	Value	Unit
Collected separately Aluminum, Stainless Steel, Steel, Zinc	93.982	kg
Collected as mixed construction waste – construction waste for landfilling	1.144	kg
Recycling Aluminum	10.823	kg
Recycling Stainless Steel	36.749	kg
Recycling Steel	42.81	kg
Recycling Zinc	3.6	kg
Reuse Plastic Parts	0.986	kg
Reuse Paper	0.158	kg

Reuse, recovery and/or recycling potentials (D), relevant scenario information

Name	Value	Unit
Collected separately waste type (including packaging)	116.299	kg
Recycling Aluminum	9.3	%
Recycling Stainless Steel	31.6	%
Recycling Steel	36.81	%
Recycling Zinc	3.09	%
Reuse Paper	0.14	%
Reuse Plastics	0.85	%
Reuse Paper packaging (from A5)	18.19	%
Reuse Plastic packaging (from A5)	0.02	%

5. LCA: Results

Results shown below were calculated using CML 2000 – Apr. 2013 Methodology.

DESCRIPTION OF THE SYSTEM BOUNDARY (X = INCLUDED IN LCA; MND = MODULE NOT DECLARED)

PRODUCT STAGE			CONSTRUCTION PROCESS STAGE		USE STAGE							END OF LIFE STAGE				BENEFITS AND LOADS BEYOND THE SYSTEM BOUNDARIES
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport from the gate to the site	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement ¹⁾	Refurbishment ¹⁾	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-Recovery-Recycling-potential
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
X	X	X	X	X	MND	X	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	X	MND	X	X

RESULTS OF THE LCA - ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT: One piece ED5000 Series Mechanical Exit Device

Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1 - A3	A4	A5	B2	C2	C4	D
GWP	Global warming potential	[kg CO ₂ -Eq.]	4.32E+02	3.37E+00	3.02E+01	-2.31E+00	2.81E+00	2.46E+00	-1.75E+02
ODP	Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer	[kg CFC11-Eq.]	5.30E-08	1.61E-11	1.38E-10	6.71E-11	1.34E-11	7.42E-12	3.99E-08
AP	Acidification potential of land and water	[kg SO ₂ -Eq.]	3.07E+00	1.54E-02	6.89E-03	4.80E-02	1.29E-02	6.28E-04	-1.05E+00
EP	Eutrophication potential	[kg (PO ₄) ³⁻ -Eq.]	1.81E-01	3.52E-03	1.20E-03	2.85E-02	2.94E-03	4.75E-05	-5.38E-02
POCP	Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants	[kg Ethen Eq.]	1.95E-01	-4.97E-03	4.89E-04	9.33E-04	-4.15E-03	3.05E-05	-6.13E-02
ADPE	Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources	[kg Sb Eq.]	1.12E-01	1.27E-07	5.48E-07	9.32E-07	1.06E-07	1.63E-07	-4.19E-02
ADPF	Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources	[MJ]	5.32E+03	4.65E+01	8.48E+00	5.86E+01	3.87E+01	1.04E+00	-1.83E+03

RESULTS OF THE LCA - RESOURCE USE: One piece ED5000 Series Mechanical Exit Device

Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1 - A3	A4	A5	B2	C2	C4	D
PERE	Renewable primary energy as energy carrier	[MJ]	1.50E+03	-	-	-	-	-	-
PERM	Renewable primary energy resources as material utilization	[MJ]	0.00E+00	-	-	-	-	-	-
PERT	Total use of renewable primary energy resources	[MJ]	1.50E+03	1.83E+00	7.90E-01	1.18E+02	1.53E+00	7.64E-02	-5.54E+02
PENRE	Non-renewable primary energy as energy carrier	[MJ]	6.07E+03	-	-	-	-	-	-
PENRM	Non-renewable primary energy as material utilization	[MJ]	0.00E+00	-	-	-	-	-	-
PENRT	Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources	[MJ]	6.07E+03	4.67E+01	9.94E+00	6.21E+01	3.89E+01	1.16E+00	-2.21E+03
SM	Use of secondary material	[kg]	1.09E+02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
RSF	Use of renewable secondary fuels	[MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
NRSF	Use of non-renewable secondary fuels	[MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
FW	Use of net fresh water	[m ³]	3.59E+00	1.29E-03	8.80E-02	6.13E-02	1.08E-03	6.02E-03	-1.70E+00

RESULTS OF THE LCA – OUTPUT FLOWS AND WASTE CATEGORIES:

One piece ED5000 Series Mechanical Exit Device

Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1 - A3	A4	A5	B2	C2	C4	D
HWD	Hazardous waste disposed	[kg]	3.09E-01	1.06E-04	6.83E-04	3.63E-03	8.86E-05	8.10E-05	-5.94E-02
NHWD	Non-hazardous waste disposed	[kg]	8.06E+01	5.87E-03	7.63E-01	3.56E-01	4.89E-03	2.30E-01	-3.10E+01
RWD	Radioactive waste disposed	[kg]	2.97E-01	6.11E-05	5.80E-04	1.38E-03	5.09E-05	4.61E-05	-1.54E-01
CRU	Components for re-use	[kg]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	-
MFR	Materials for recycling	[kg]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.12E+01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	-
MER	Materials for energy recovery	[kg]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	-
EEE	Exported electrical energy	[MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.83E+01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	4.72E+00	-
EET	Exported thermal energy	[MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.08E+02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.29E+01	-

6. LCA: Interpretation

This chapter contains an interpretation of the Life Cycle Impact Assessment categories. Stated percentages in the whole interpretation are related to the overall life cycle, excluding credits (module D).

The production phase (modules A1-A3) contributes between 79% and 100% to the overall results for all the environmental impact assessment categories hereby considered. Within the production phase, the main contribution for all the impact categories is the production of steel, with app. 98%, mainly due to the energy consumption on this process. Steel and

stainless steel accounts with app. 83% to the overall mass of the product, therefore, the impacts are in line with the mass composition of the product. The environmental impacts for the transport (A2) have a negligible impact within this stage.

In the end-of-life phase, there are loads and benefits (module D, negative values) considered. The benefits are considered beyond the system boundaries and are declared for the recycling potential of the metals and for the credits from the incineration process (energy substitution).

7. Requisite evidence

Not applicable in this EPD.

8. References

Institut Bauen und Umwelt

Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V., Berlin (pub.):
Generation of Environmental Product Declarations
(EPDs);

General principles

for the EPD range of Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.
(IBU), 2013-04
www.bau-umwelt.de

PCR Part A

Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V., Berlin (pub.): Product
Category Rules for Construction Products from the
range of Environmental Product Declarations of Institut
Bauen und Umwelt (IBU), Part A: Calculation Rules for
the Life Cycle Assessment and Requirements on the
Background Report. April 2013
www.bau-umwelt.de

PCR Part B

IBU PCR Part B: PCR Guidance-Texts for Building-
Related Products and Services. From the range of
Environmental Product Declarations of Institute
Construction and Environment e.V. (IBU). Part B:
Requirements on the EPD for Locks and fittings.
www.bau-umwelt.com

ISO 14025

ISO 14025:2011-10: Environmental labels and
declarations — Type III environmental declarations —
Principles and procedures

EN 15804

EN 15804: 2012+A1:2014: Sustainability of
construction works — Environmental Product
Declarations — Core rules for the product category of
construction products

ISO 14001

Environmental management systems - Requirements
with guidance for use (ISO 14001:2004 + Cor. 1:2009)

ANSI/BHMA A156.3-2008

Standard ANSI/BHMA A156.3-2008 establishes
requirements for exit devices and trim, automatic and
self-latching flush bolts, removable mullions,
coordinators, and carry-open bars. Functions and
types are described and numbered.

A117.1 Accessibility Code

Standard for Accessible and Usable Buildings and
Facilities as mandated by law and incorporated by
reference by the States and Municipalities, including
Ohio in the Ohio Administrative Code 4401:8-44-01.

GaBi 6 2013

GaBi 6 2013: Software-System and Database for Life
Cycle Engineering. Copyright, TM. Stuttgart,
Leinfelden-Echterdingen, 1992-2013.

GaBi 6 2013D

GaBi 6 2013D: Documentation of GaBi 6: Software-
System and Database for Life Cycle Engineering.
Copyright, TM. Stuttgart, Leinfelden-Echterdingen,
1992-2013. <http://documentation.gabi-software.com/>

UL and ULc Standards

ULC Standards develops and publishes standards and
specifications for products having a bearing on fire, life
safety and security, crime prevention, energy
efficiency, environmental safety, security of assets and
facilities, live working and workplace safety and other
areas. ULC Standards is accredited by the Standards
Council of Canada as a consensus based Standards
Development Organization under the National
Standards System of Canada.

9. Annex

Results shown below were calculated using TRACI Methodology.

DESCRIPTION OF THE SYSTEM BOUNDARY (X = INCLUDED IN LCA; MND = MODULE NOT DECLARED)

PRODUCT STAGE			CONSTRUCTION PROCESS STAGE		USE STAGE							END OF LIFE STAGE				BENEFITS AND LOADS BEYOND THE SYSTEM BOUNDARIES
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport from the gate to the site	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement ⁽¹⁾	Refurbishment ⁽¹⁾	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-Recovery-Recycling-potential
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
X	X	X	X	X	MND	X	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	X	MND	X	X

RESULTS OF THE LCA - ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT: One piece ED5000 Series Mechanical Exit Device

Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1 - A3	A4	A5	B2	C2	C4	D
GWP	Global warming potential	[kg CO ₂ -Eq.]	4.32E+02	3.37E+00	3.02E+01	2.31E+00	2.81E+00	2.46E+00	1.75E+02
ODP	Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer	[kg CFC11-Eq.]	5.64E-08	1.72E-11	1.47E-10	7.13E-11	1.43E-11	7.89E-12	4.24E-08
AP	Acidification potential of land and water	[kg SO ₂ -Eq.]	2.92E+00	2.02E-02	8.35E-03	5.62E-02	1.68E-02	7.36E-04	-9.86E-01
EP	Eutrophication potential	[kg N-eq.]	1.29E-01	1.42E-03	4.81E-04	4.43E-02	1.19E-03	2.24E-05	-2.72E-02
Smog	Ground-level smog formation potential	[kg O ₃ -eq.]	2.90E+01	4.15E-01	1.95E-01	2.31E-01	3.46E-01	5.78E-03	-9.44E+00
Resources		[MJ]	4.39E+02	6.69E+00	9.95E-01	7.63E+00	5.57E+00	1.07E-01	-1.47E+02

RESULTS OF THE LCA - RESOURCE USE: One piece ED5000 Series Mechanical Exit Device

Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1 - A3	A4	A5	B2	C2	C4	D
PERE	Renewable primary energy as energy carrier	[MJ]	1.50E+03	-	-	-	-	-	-
PERM	Renewable primary energy resources as material utilization	[MJ]	0.00E+00	-	-	-	-	-	-
PERT	Total use of renewable primary energy resources	[MJ]	1.50E+03	1.83E+00	7.90E-01	1.18E+02	1.53E+00	7.64E-02	-5.54E+02
PENRE	Non-renewable primary energy as energy carrier	[MJ]	6.07E+03	-	-	-	-	-	-
PENRM	Non-renewable primary energy as material utilization	[MJ]	0.00E+00	-	-	-	-	-	-
PENRT	Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources	[MJ]	6.07E+03	4.67E+01	9.94E+00	6.21E+01	3.89E+01	1.16E+00	-2.21E+03
SM	Use of secondary material	[kg]	1.09E+02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
RSF	Use of renewable secondary fuels	[MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
NRSF	Use of non-renewable secondary fuels	[MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
FW	Use of net fresh water	[m ³]	3.59E+00	1.29E-03	8.80E-02	6.13E-02	1.08E-03	6.02E-03	-1.70E+00

RESULTS OF THE LCA – OUTPUT FLOWS AND WASTE CATEGORIES:

One piece ED5000 Series Mechanical Exit Device

Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1 - A3	A4	A5	B2	C2	C4	D
HWD	Hazardous waste disposed	[kg]	3.09E-01	1.06E-04	6.83E-04	3.63E-03	8.86E-05	8.10E-05	-5.94E-02
NHWD	Non-hazardous waste disposed	[kg]	8.06E+01	5.87E-03	7.63E-01	3.56E-01	4.89E-03	2.30E-01	-3.10E+01
RWD	Radioactive waste disposed	[kg]	2.97E-01	6.11E-05	5.80E-04	1.38E-03	5.09E-05	4.61E-05	-1.54E-01
CRU	Components for re-use	[kg]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	-
MFR	Materials for recycling	[kg]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.12E+01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	-
MER	Materials for energy recovery	[kg]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	-
EEE	Exported electrical energy	[MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.83E+01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	4.72E+00	-
EET	Exported thermal energy	[MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.08E+02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.29E+01	-

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